

CLAT Community

daily
QT

SECTIONAL TEST

129

DAYS TO GO FOR
CLAT 2027



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OUR RANKERS

1 in every 4 of CLAT Community's students
are now placed in Top 5 NLU's.



SAHER GOLE



PARTHIVA SUSHANTH



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SUHIT KENDURKAR



RIYA CHAUHAN



SHEIKH EHSAN KHALEELULLAH



HRISHIT PODDAR



ROHAN YADAV



TEJAS ROY



ANIRUDDH BAJAJ



KABIR WADHWANI



CANCHI SISTLA AKSHARA



SHIVAM TRIPATHI



HARDIK GAUTAM



MANYA BHASKAR



NAMASHRITA GOPINATH



RONIL DHASAL



VEDA RAO



SAMANDAR SINGH



GANJI HAINDAVI



SAHISHNA



PRANAV. S

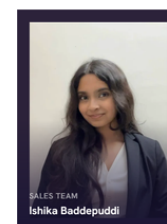
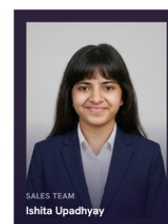
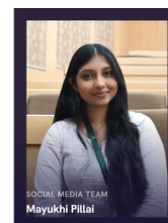
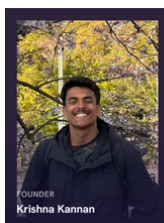
AND
MANY
MORE.

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OUR COURSES



OUR MENTORS



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MENTORS' NOTE

Good morning everyone,

If you're reading this, you're already doing something that thousands of CLAT aspirants never do—you've shown up today. That might sound like a small thing, but over the next few months you'll realise that success in CLAT is rarely decided by one brilliant mock or one 12-hour study session. It's decided by the hundreds of ordinary days where you choose to sit down and study even when you don't feel like it.

The entire CLAT Community team is rooting for you. Whenever you're stuck, ask doubts, discuss questions, and make use of the people around you. You don't have to prepare alone. We hope today's material helps you take one more step towards your dream.

Now stop reading this note and get to work. Your future self will thank you for the effort you put in today.

All the best.

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Quantitative Aptitude

Passage I

Silverline Packaging Co. designs custom containers for its clients, ranging from rectangular shipping boxes to cylindrical tins and conical containers for specialty products. Before finalising a design, the engineering team calculates the surface area of each container to estimate the amount of packaging material required, and the volume to confirm it can hold the intended quantity of product. Because many orders involve wrapping a smaller container inside a larger outer box, or covering only certain faces of a container with a printed label, designers frequently need to compute areas of specific parts of a shape rather than the whole surface. The team also compares two container designs of different shapes to determine which uses material more efficiently for the same volume. Study the following details about this month's container designs, then answer the questions below.

1. A rectangular shipping box has dimensions $50\text{ cm} \times 30\text{ cm} \times 20\text{ cm}$. Find its total surface area.

- (A) $5,800\text{ cm}^2$
- (B) $6,000\text{ cm}^2$
- (C) $6,200\text{ cm}^2$
- (D) $6,400\text{ cm}^2$

2. A cylindrical tin has a radius of 7 cm and a height of 10 cm . Find its curved surface area. (Use $\pi = 22/7$.)

- (A) 420 cm^2
- (B) 440 cm^2
- (C) 460 cm^2
- (D) 480 cm^2

3. A conical container has a base radius of 3 cm and a height of 7 cm . Find its volume. (Use $\pi = 22/7$.)

- (A) 60 cm^3
- (B) 63 cm^3
- (C) 66 cm^3

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(D) 70 cm^3

4. A cylindrical tin of radius 7 cm and height 10 cm is to be wrapped with a label covering only the curved surface, excluding a 1 cm strip at the top and bottom (so the label height is 8 cm). Find the area of the label. (Use $\pi = 22/7$.)

(A) 320 cm^2

(B) 336 cm^2

(C) 352 cm^2

(D) 368 cm^2

5. A cube-shaped box has a volume of $1,728 \text{ cm}^3$. Find its total surface area.

(A) 800 cm^2

(B) 832 cm^2

(C) 864 cm^2

(D) 900 cm^2

6. A hollow cylindrical pipe has an outer radius of 9 cm, an inner radius of 2 cm, and a length of 20 cm. Find the volume of material used in the pipe. (Use $\pi = 22/7$.)

(A) $4,600 \text{ cm}^3$

(B) $4,720 \text{ cm}^3$

(C) $4,840 \text{ cm}^3$

(D) $4,960 \text{ cm}^3$

Passage II

Silverleaf Community Club hosts a weekly game night where members play a mix of card and dice games for small prizes. For the card games, a standard deck of 52 playing cards is used, and hosts often draw cards at random to decide starting players or bonus rounds. For the dice games, members roll one or two standard six-faced dice, and certain combinations of the numbers rolled determine bonus points or penalties. Because the club wants every game to feel fair, the organisers occasionally calculate the exact likelihood of a particular draw or roll before deciding on the rules for a new event, ensuring that no combination is either too rare or too common to be interesting. Study the following details about this week's card and dice games, then answer the questions below.

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7. A card is drawn at random from a standard deck of 52 playing cards. Find the probability that it is a king.

- (A) $1/26$
- (B) $1/13$
- (C) $1/12$
- (D) $3/26$

8. A card is drawn at random from a standard deck of 52 cards. Find the probability that it is either a heart or a queen.

- (A) $4/13$
- (B) $5/13$
- (C) $1/4$
- (D) $17/52$

9. Two standard six-faced dice are rolled together. Find the probability that the sum of the numbers rolled is 8.

- (A) $1/9$
- (B) $5/36$
- (C) $1/6$
- (D) $7/36$

10. Two standard six-faced dice are rolled together. Find the probability that the product of the numbers rolled is greater than 15.

- (A) $9/36$
- (B) $10/36$
- (C) $11/36$
- (D) $12/36$

11. Two cards are drawn one after another, without replacement, from a standard deck of 52 cards. Find the probability that both cards drawn are aces.

- (A) $1/221$
- (B) $1/169$
- (C) $1/52$

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(D) $1/26$

12. Two standard six-faced dice are rolled together. Find the probability of getting at least one 6.

(A) $10/36$

(B) $11/36$

(C) $12/36$

(D) $13/36$



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ANSWER KEY**Q1.**

Total surface area of a cuboid = $2(lb + bh + hl)$.

$$= 2(50 \times 30 + 30 \times 20 + 20 \times 50) = 2(1,500 + 600 + 1,000) = 2 \times 3,100 = 6,200 \text{ cm}^2.$$

Answer $\rightarrow$ (C) 6,200 cm²

Q2.

Curved surface area of a cylinder = $2\pi rh$.

$$= 2 \times (22/7) \times 7 \times 10 = 440 \text{ cm}^2.$$

Answer $\rightarrow$ (B) 440 cm²

Q3.

Volume of a cone = $(1/3)\pi r^2 h$.

$$= (1/3) \times (22/7) \times 3^2 \times 7 = (1/3) \times 22 \times 9 = 66 \text{ cm}^3.$$

Answer $\rightarrow$ (C) 66 cm³

Q4.

Label area = curved surface area for the label's height = $2\pi r \times (\text{label height})$.

$$= 2 \times (22/7) \times 7 \times 8 = 352 \text{ cm}^2.$$

Answer $\rightarrow$ (C) 352 cm²

Q5.

Edge of the cube = cube root of volume = $\sqrt[3]{1,728} = 12 \text{ cm}$.

Total surface area of a cube = $6 \times (\text{edge})^2 = 6 \times 12^2 = 6 \times 144 = 864 \text{ cm}^2$.

Answer $\rightarrow$ (C) 864 cm²

Q6.

Volume of material = $\pi(R^2 - r^2) \times \text{length}$, where $R = 9 \text{ cm}$ and $r = 2 \text{ cm}$.

$$= (22/7) \times (81 - 4) \times 20 = (22/7) \times 77 \times 20 = 22 \times 11 \times 20 = 4,840 \text{ cm}^3.$$

Answer $\rightarrow$ (C) 4,840 cm³

Q7.

There are 4 kings in a standard deck of 52 cards.

Probability = $4/52 = 1/13$.

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Answer → (B) $1/13$

Q8.

Number of hearts = 13. Number of queens = 4. The queen of hearts is counted in both, so it must be subtracted once.

Favourable outcomes = $13 + 4 - 1 = 16$.

Probability = $16/52 = 4/13$.

Answer → (A) $4/13$

Q9.

Pairs of dice summing to 8: (2,6), (3,5), (4,4), (5,3), (6,2) — 5 outcomes.

Total possible outcomes = $6 \times 6 = 36$.

Probability = $5/36$.

Answer → (B) $5/36$

Q10.

Checking all pairs (a,b) with a,b from 1–6 where the product $a \times b$ exceeds 15:

a=3: (3,6)=18 — 1 outcome. a=4: (4,4)=16, (4,5)=20, (4,6)=24 — 3 outcomes.

a=5: (5,4)=20, (5,5)=25, (5,6)=30 — 3 outcomes. a=6: (6,3)=18, (6,4)=24, (6,5)=30, (6,6)=36 — 4 outcomes.

Total favourable outcomes = $1+3+3+4 = 11$. Probability = $11/36$.

Answer → (C) $11/36$

Q11.

Probability the first card is an ace = $4/52$.

Given the first was an ace, 51 cards remain with 3 aces left, so probability the second is also an ace = $3/51$.

Probability both are aces = $(4/52) \times (3/51) = 12/2652 = 1/221$.

Answer → (A) $1/221$

Q12.

It is easier to use the complement: probability of getting no 6 on either die = $(5/6) \times (5/6) = 25/36$.

Probability of at least one 6 = $1 - 25/36 = 11/36$.

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Answer → (B) 11/36



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